

### History of Kagoshima Airport

1940		Renovated for use as Kagosnima Navai Air Base
1943	April	Establishment of Kagoshima Naval Air Service.
1945	August	After WW2, Japanese aircraft were bunned from flying, and the main airports in Japan were seized by Allied Forces.
1949	June	Establishment of the Air Security Administration.
1953	May	The Ministry of Transportation announced the establishment of Kagoshima Airport (Kamoike Airport).
1956	April	At the same time as the enactment of the Airport Development Law, Kamoike Airport was designated as a class 2 airport.
	October	Started maintenance work in order to finish the runways, offices, and comunication systems at the airport by March of the following year.
1957	July	American forces returned air-traffic control to the Japanese and the long awaited 'Kagoshima airport' is finally opened.
1958		Approximately 12,000 passengers used the airport this year.
		The runways, taxiways, and tarmac are repaved and night time lighting equipment is added.
1962	March	Appointed as customs airport after Tokyo, Osaka and Fukuoka.
1963	September	In order to build a new, larger airport, the 'New Kagoshima Airport Committee' was established. It consisted of representatives from Kagoshima's financial community, various organizations and experts of civil aviation companies.
		Out of 6 possible locations for the new airport, which were Yokoihara, Fukiagehama, Jusantsukabaru (present day Mizobe), Tiran, Taniyama and Kanoya, the committee selected 'Yokoihara and Jusantsukabaru' as the most suitable.
1964		At the cost of 2 hundred million yen, a new three story terminal building with a basement was constructed.
	December	While the best location for the new airport is still being considered, construction work begins at Kagoshima (Kamoike) Airport to extend the runway.
1967		1,600m ×45m runway completed.
		The united organization between the government and community, "Kagoshima Large Airport Promotion Council" was established.
1968	June	After further investigation of the two possible sites for the new airport, Jusantsukabaru (present day Mizobe) was selected.

#### History of Kagoshima airport 1972-1979

Kagoshima Airport opening ceremony, (The number of passengers was about 1,720,000, The arrival of the first foreign airline (Cathay Pacific) at the Kagoshima Airport TDA (Toa Domestic Airlines) established a new flight route between Kagoshima and Tanegashima. JAL (Japan Airlines) established Hong Kong - Kagoshima route. TDA started to fly jet planes on Kaghoshima - Oita - Tokyo route TDA upgraded jets on the Kagashima - Fukuoka route. October TDA established a new route between Kagoshima and Okinoerabu. Nauru National Airlines established Kagoshima-Nauru route. ANA established Kagoshima - Nagasaki route. December The first charter plane from Kagoshima (Taiwan-China Airlines) flew to Taipei. TDA established Kagoshima - Tokunoshima route New Guinea Airlines establised Kagoshima - Port Moresby route. ANA established Kagoshima - Hiroshima route. TDA established Kagoshima - Yoron route. TDA established Kagoshima - Matsuyama route. Use of the Super Jumbo jet plane began on Kagoshima - Tokyo route. TDA established Kaqoshima - Yakushima route. November





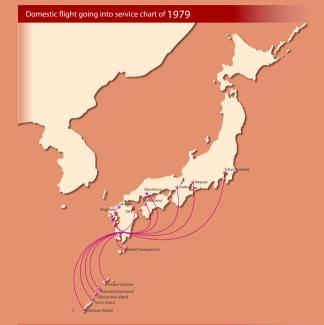


### Transition of number of airport users and handling cargo volume of 1972 - 1979

User S.0 time correction value =		donvertic flight international flight cargo volume
7,260 people — 1,713,912 people	1972	Karin — It
12,757 people 2,240,717 people	1973	53571
9,857 people — 2,523,851 people	1974	5,852Y
16,377 people — 2,421,925 people	1975	6.0344 34t
29,632 people 2,705,010 people	1976	6,000
46,403 people — 3,000,006 people	1977	E,6351
\$4,853 people - 3,616,417 people	1978	9,647t 303t
70,869 people 4,000,975 people	1979	12,766

#### Riding airline







### History of Kagoshima airport 1980~1989

April | JAL established Kagoshima - Singapore route TDA established Kagoshima - Osaka route. TDA established Kagoshima - Okayama route Runway extended to 3000m 1981 TDA introduced the latest Airbus A300 on Kagoshima - Tokyo and Kagashima - Fukuoka route. JAL extended the flight from Hong Kong to Kagoshima to include Bangkok. International terminal building was completed and opened to the public. JAL established Narita - Kagoshima route. (layover program) 1983 Establishment of Japan Air Commuter Ltd. (Head office at Kagoshima Airport.) JAL established Kagoshima - Tokyo route. 1987 Air Nippon established Kagoshima - Fukuoka route. Dragonair esablished Hong Kong - Kagoshima route 1988 A new cargo building was constructed and opened.







### Transition of number of airport users and handling cargo volume of $1980\sim1989$

User So time correction value =		doeswife flight international flight   cargo volume   cargo volume
50,000 people 4,121,568 people	1980	13,2741 5706
55,231 people 4,169,275 people	1981	17/3306 4531
59,605 people	1982	17,5272 442:
58,961 people	1983	19,631: 353:
61,914 people 4,045,103 people	1984	3536
53,382 people — 4,100,755 people	1985	22,1941 - 3831
44,639 people - 4,646,468 people	1986	22,6591 1,3631
53,212 people 4,367,232 people	1987	27,6461 1,378
90,734 people 4,032,431 people	1988	29,647; 1,2011
93,085 people 5003,465 people	1989	30,4631 12651





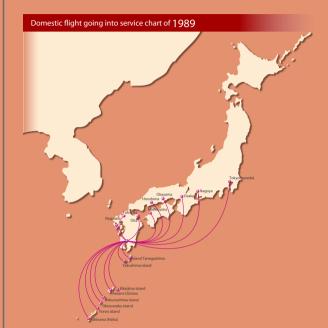


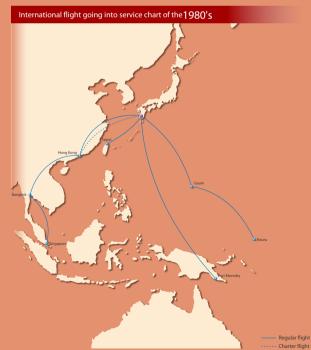












### History of Kagoshima airport 1990~1999

1990	May	Korean Air Lines established Kagoshima - Seoul route.
1991	September	JAL established Kagoshima - Osaka route.
	October	ANA established Kagoshima - Sapporo route.
1992	July	JAL established Kagoshima - Nagoya route.
	November	China Airlines established regular charter services on Kagoshima - Taiwan route.
1993	April	Nansei Airlines (Japan Transocean Air) established Kagoshima - Okinawa route.
	August	Due to a torrential downpour, 1,700 people were forced to stay at Kagoshima Airport
		6th. (700 on Aug.1, 1,000 on Aug.6.)
1994	February	The H2, A full size rocket made entirely in Japan, was successfully launched at Tanega
1995	April	Japan Air Commuter established Kagoshima - Kikaijima route
	June	JAL established Kagoshima - Kansai route.
	November	Air Nippon established Kagoshima - Komatu route, and Kagoshima - Sendai route.
		ANA (All Nippon Airways) placed B777 in service on Kagoshima - Tokyo route.
		Expansion construction on the National Terminal Building was completed
1996	March	Kagoshima airport surpassed a total of one hundred million passengers.
	April	Japan Air Commuter established Kagoshima - Takamatsu route
		Japan Air System (JAS) placed MD-90 in service on Kagoshima - Tokyo route.
		JAL placed B777 in service on Kagoshima - Tokyo route.
	August	The 10th anniversary of JAL's Kagoshima-Tokyo route
		Korean Air Lines established regular charter services on Kagoshima - Pusan route.
1997	September	Sora no Hi' (The Sky Day) festival was held at Kagoshima Airport as a main site.
	October	J-Air established Kagoshima - Hirosimanishi route.
		Japan Air Commuter established Kagoshima - Hirosimanishi route.
	December	Expansion construction on the International Terminal Building was completed
1998	August	JAL placed B777- 300 in service on Kagoshima - Tokyo route.
	September	ANA placed B777- 300 in service on Kagoshima - Tokyo route.
1000	Administr	and the second s





### Transition of number of airport users and handling cargo volume of 1990-1999

User site correction value is downwatchight		domentic flight international flight cargo volume
55,840 people	1990	29,9116 1,4226
95,497 people 5,326,570 people	1991	31,215e 1,285e
98,735 people 5,459,830 people	1992	38,868° 1,250°
91,765 people 5,247,160 people	1993	27,200
98,551 people 5,410,420 people	1994	20,413: 1,391t
95,621 people 5,575,816 people	1995	31,466t 1,004t
103,347 people 5,881,345 people	1996	31,130x 1,004x
93,402 people 5,064,405 people	1997	21,7471 6531
97,807 people 4,027,780 people	1998	23,0266 1,2738
95,322 people - 6,047,692 people	1999	31,54tr 1,259t









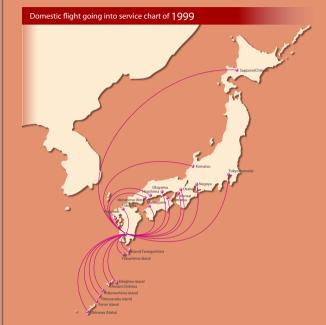














### History of Kagoshima airport 2000~2010

The Fair Inc. (IREX Airlines) established Kagoshima - Hiroshimanishi route Oriental Air Bridge established Kagoshima - Nagasaki route. Skymark Airlines established Kagoshima - Tokyo route. China Eastern Airlines established Kagoshima - Shanghai route. February Japan Air Commuter placed the O400 in service. 2004 Japan Air System became Japan Airlines Japan Every Air Nippon became ANA. August JAL and Korean Air began code sharing December Opening of a natural spa footbath 'OYATTOSA. Ana established Kagoshima - Kobe route. IAL established Kagoshima - Kobe route and Kagoshima - Okinawa route The last flight of the YS-11, an all Japanese produced passenger airplane. (Okinoerabu to Kagoshima) The first flight of Airbus A380. Changed the name of the observation deck from 'KANGEI (welcome) DECK' to 'TENBO (observation)

September Skynet Asia Årways established Kagoshima - Tokyo route.

Mitsubishi Heavy Industries, Ltd. decided to develop the first Japanese-made passenger jet plane, "MRJ.

April Hong Kong Express Airways established Kagoshima - Hong Kong route.

Skynet Asia Airways established Kagoshima - Okinawa route.

Fuji Dream Airlines established Kagoshima - Shizuoka route.

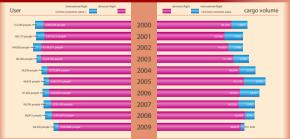
November ANA and Oriental Air Bridge set code-share flight between Kagoshima and Nagasaki.







### Transition of number of airport users and handling cargo volume of 2000-2009



### Riding airline





